## **BUBBLE SORT**

This program uses the string comparison operator " < =" that orders strings according to the ATASCII values of the various characters. Since ATARI BASIC does not have arrays of strings, all the strings used in this program are actually substrings of one large string. A bubble sort, though relatively slow if there are a lot of items to be stored, is easy to write, fairly short, and simpler to understand than more complex sorts.

- 10 DIM B\$(1)
- 20 GRAPHICS 0:? :? "STRING SORT":?
- 30 TRAP 30:? :? "ENTER MAXIMUM STRING LENGTH":INPUT SLEN:SLEN:=SLEN-1
- 40 IF SLEN<1 OR INT(SLEN)<>SLEN THEN ?
  - "PLEASE ENTER A POSITIVE INTEGER >0":

GOTO 30

- 50 TRAP 50:? :? "ENTER MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ENTRIES"
- 60 ? "(ENTRIES THAT ARE SHORTER THAN THE MAXIMUM ARE PADDED WITH BLANKS)"
- 70 INPUT ENTRIES
- 80 IF ENTRIES<2 OR INT(ENTRIES)<>ENTRI
- ES THEN ? "PLEASE ENTER A POSITIVE INT
- EGER >1":GOTO 50
- 90 TRAP 40000
- 100 DIM A\$(SLEN\*ENTRIES), TEMP\$(SLEN)
- 110 ? :? "ENTER STRINGS ONE AT A TIME"
- 120 ? "ENTER EMPTY STRING WHEN DONE (J
- UST HIT RETURN)"
- 130 ? :? "PLEASE STAND BY WHILE THE ST RINGS ARE BEING CLEARED..."
- 140 FOR I=1 TO SLEN\*ENTRIES:A\$(I,I)="
- ":NEXT I
- 150 ? :?
- 160 I=1
- 170 FOR J=1 TO ENTRIES
- 180 ? "#";J;" ";:INPUT TEMP\$
- 190 IF LEN(TEMP\$)=0 THEN ENTRIES=J-1:G
- 200 A\$(I,I+SLEN1)=TEMP\$
- 210 I=I+SLEN
- 220 NEXT J
- 230 ? :? :? "PLEASE STAND BY WHILE THE STRINGS ARE BEING SORTED..."
- 240 GOSUB 400:REM CALL SORT ROUTINE 250 ? :?